

12841 In Puzzleland (III)

Whittington is showing his trained cat in its surprising feat of going from A to Z, grabbing all the mice in his way while stepping on each circle just once.

You receive an arbitrary, undirected graph, where each node is identified by a single uppercase letter. One vertex is the *source*, or starting point, and the other is the *target*, or end point.

Your job is to imitate the cat's ability, and identify a path that goes from the source to the target, visiting each node in the graph exactly once. If there is more than one valid path, choose the lexicographically lowest one.



Whittington's cat is very well trained

Input

Input starts with a positive integer T , that denotes the number of test cases.

There's a blank line at the beginning of each case. Then two integers are given in a single line: N and M , representing the number of nodes and the number of bi-directional edges in the graph, respectively. You can assume that there is at most one edge between any pair of nodes, and that each edge will be reported only once.

The next line will contain N distinct letters, separated by spaces, which are the identifiers for all the nodes in the graph. The first letter in this list will be the *source*, the last letter will be the *target*. All letters will be uppercase letters from the English alphabet.

Then M lines will be presented, describing the edges of the graph. Each of these lines contain two distinct letters, which describe two nodes that are connected by an edge.

$$T \leq 60; 2 \leq N \leq 15$$

Output

For each test case, print the case number, followed by the sequence of letters that describe the path from the source to the target, visiting all nodes exactly once.

If a valid solution doesn't exist, print the word 'impossible'.

Sample Input

```
3

12 14
A B C D E F U V W X Y Z
A F
A V
B U
B W
C D
```

C V
D Y
D W
E X
E Z
F U
F Y
U Z
W X

3 2
A B C
A B
A C

4 5
L N I K
L N
I L
I N
K N
K I

Sample Output

Case 1: AVCDYFUBWXEZ
Case 2: impossible
Case 3: LINK