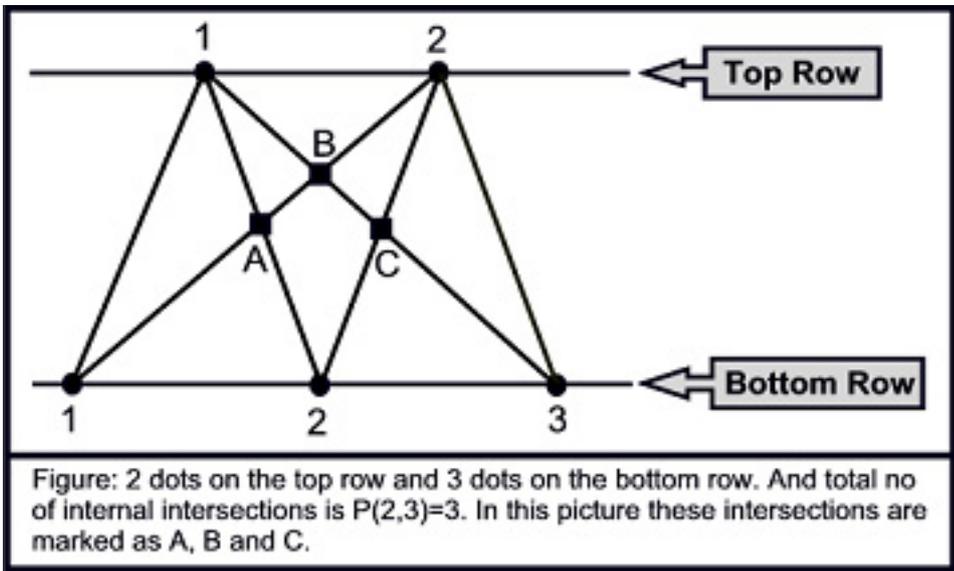


## 10790 How Many Points of Intersection?

We have two rows. There are  $a$  dots on the top row and  $b$  dots on the bottom row. We draw line segments connecting every dot on the top row with every dot on the bottom row. The dots are arranged in such a way that the number of internal intersections among the line segments is maximized. To achieve this goal we must not allow more than two line segments to intersect in a point. The intersection points on the top row and the bottom are not included in our count; we can allow more than two line segments to intersect on those two rows. Given the value of  $a$  and  $b$ , your task is to compute  $P(a, b)$ , the number of intersections in between the two rows. For example, in the following figure  $a = 2$  and  $b = 3$ . This figure illustrates that  $P(2, 3) = 3$ .



### Input

Each line in the input will contain two positive integers  $a$  ( $0 < a \leq 20000$ ) and  $b$  ( $0 < b \leq 20000$ ). Input is terminated by a line where both  $a$  and  $b$  are zero. This case should not be processed. You will need to process at most 1200 sets of inputs.

### Output

For each line of input, print in a line the serial of output followed by the value of  $P(a, b)$ . Look at the output for sample input for details. You can assume that the output for the test cases will fit in **64-bit** signed integers.

### Sample Input

```
2 2
2 3
3 3
0 0
```

**Sample Output**

Case 1: 1

Case 2: 3

Case 3: 9